

Preliminary Site Investigation

Bolgers Pit – 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342

Report prepared for – Gunnedah Shire Council

1 December 2022 BPE22110-R01



Quality information

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Report Authors	Joel Parkin & Andrew Ballard
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1 December 2022

Our ref: BPE22110-R01

Gunnedah Shire Council 63 Elgin Street, Gunnedah NSW 2380



Attention: Grant Roberts – Manager Engineering Services

Dear Grant,

RE: Preliminary Site Investigation – Bolgers Pit, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW

Ballpark Environmental Pty Ltd is pleased to present the Preliminary Site Investigation (PSI) prepared for the proposed quarry expansion on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, the site.

This report details the findings from the PSI, including a site history review and site walkover of the existing Bolgers Pit and the proposed expansion area to the north of the pit.

I trust that this report meets with your requirements. If you require further information or assistance, please do not hesitate to contact us on (02) 6658 0585.

For and on behalf of Ballpark Environmental Pty Ltd

Arben Balad

Andrew Ballard Principal Environmental Scientist Certified Environmental Practitioner



Joel Parkin Associate Environmental Engineer

ballparkenv.com.au

(02) 6658 0585 info@ballparkenv.com.au

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Executive Summary

Gunnedah Shire Council is seeking approval for an expansion of the quarry operations to extract and process up to 40,000 tonnes per annum of quarry material from Bolgers Pit.

Ballpark Environmental Pty Ltd was engaged to undertake a preliminary site investigation (PSI) for potential site contamination associated with quarrying at this site located on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, the site, see Figure 1.

The objective of the PSI was to identify past or present potentially contaminating activities performed at this site, provide a preliminary assessment of site contamination and, if required, provide a basis for a more Detailed Site Investigation (DSI).

Based on the site history information and site walkover observations we conclude that:

- Site disturbance from current quarry activities is visible in the 2002 aerial photograph. Prior to this date the historical aerial photographs show areas of minor ground disturbance has been present since 1974.
- No buildings or structures were constructed on this site and therefore it is unlikely that waste building materials, including asbestos, are present on this site.
- Observations made during the site walkover found that previous poor waste disposal practices have resulted in the partial burial of inert waste, including scrap metal on the southern margins of the quarry pit.
- A review of the initial Conceptual Site Model (CSM) prepared for this PSI found no areas of environmental concern have been identified on this site.

Therefore, it is recommended:

- 1. **Inert waste** waste materials are collected and removed from this site for recycling (e.g., scrap metal) or to an appropriate NSW EPA licensed waste facility which can accept this waste.
- 2. **Unexpected Finds Protocol** An unexpected fines protocol should be included as part of the quarry Environment Management Plan or as a stand-alone document in the event that potentially contaminated material or buried unexpected finds, are encountered during future quarry expansion earthworks on this site.

In consideration of the results from this PSI we conclude that this site on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway, has an acceptable low level of risk for site contamination and is suitable for its proposed ongoing industrial use as a quarry.

The site is assessed to be suitable for its ongoing industrial use, in accordance with Chapter 4 of the Resilience and Hazards SEPP (2021).

1. Introduction

Ballpark Environmental Pty Ltd was engaged by Gunnedah Shire Council (Council) to undertake a preliminary site investigation (PSI) for the proposed increase in the size and extraction area of the existing quarry known as Bolgers Pit located on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, the site.

We understand that Council is currently seeking approval for an expansion of the quarry operation to extract and process up to 40,000 tonnes per annum of quarry material from this site. The proposed quarry expansion is a designated development under s.4.10 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and shall require the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).

This PSI has been undertaken to assess potential contamination issues present at this site and its findings will inform the preparation of the EIS to be prepared for this project.

The PSI was undertaken in general accordance with the proposal prepared by Ballpark Environmental (Ref: BPE22110-P02, dated 21 September 2022).

2. Objective and Scope of Works

The objective of the PSI was to identify past or present potentially contaminating activities performed at this site, provide a preliminary assessment of site contamination and, if required, provide a basis for a more Detailed Site Investigation (DSI).

The scope of works carried out to meet the above objective is summarised below.

- Desktop site history review was undertaken to establish the history of past uses on the site, including what buildings or potentially contaminating activities may have been present and which included:
 - Review of local geology, hydrogeology, topography, and acid sulfate soil risk maps.
 - Review of historical aerial imagery to assess changes in land use or activities on the site over time.
 - o Review of registered groundwater bore information held in public registers.
 - Review of contaminated land records held by the NSW Environment Protection Authority.
- A site visit and walkover were undertaken to collect background information on past activities and previous use of the site.
- Preparation of the PSI report to assess potential risk to human health or the environment and if soil contamination was likely to be present and if a more detailed site investigation was recommended for this site.

The following sections of this PSI report presents the information collected and findings for the site.

3. Site Identification

3.1. Site Details

The site location and site layout are shown on Figure 1. The site identification details are summarised in Table 1.

Table 1: Summary of Site Details

Detail	Description
Site Address	809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, (see Figure 1)
Lot / DP	Lot 139 DP751012
Easting / Northing	56 J 266714 m E 6553706 m S
Size (Ha)	~3.9 ha (see Figure 1)
Zoning	RU1 – Primary Production, objectives of RU1 zone are:
	 To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base. To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area. To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands. To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones. To provide for a range of ecologically sustainable agricultural and rural land uses and development on broad acre rural lands. To protect significant agricultural resources (soil, water, and vegetation) in recognition of their value to Gunnedah's longer term economic sustainability. To conserve and enhance the quality of valuable environmental assets, including waterways, riparian land, wetlands and other surface and groundwater resources, remnant native vegetation and fauna movement corridors as part of all new development and land use.
	Source: Gunnedah LEP 2012
Site Land Use	The majority of the site has an existing quarry pit which is currently in production. The remaining areas of Lot 31 were a mix of farm/ agriculture and bushland.
Surrounding Land Use	North, semi dense bushland and rural cropping/ grazing land.
	East , mix of semi dense bushland and rural grazing land within the remaining areas of Lot 139.
	South , mix of rural grazing and cropping. A farm residence is located to the southwest of the site.
	West, mix of rural grazing/ cropping land.
Sensitive Receptors	Figtree Creek is located ~580m to the north of the quarry.

4. Environmental Settings

4.1. Topography & Hydrology

Topographically the site is in an area of undulating to rolling hills and mountain side slopes with extremely complex geology and soils. The site itself is located on the southwest mid to lower slopes of a hill.

Bolgers Pit has had earthworks undertaken to construct surface water divergent earthen bunds on the upgradient northern and eastern sides of both the site boundary and quarry pit, see photographs 4 & 7.

All runoff within the pit was directed to the south into the lowest point, which acts as a sump collecting and storing runoff, see photograph 5. At the time of our walkover there was minor surface water observed flowing into the southern portion of the pit.

Figtree Creek is the closest permanent waterway and is located upgradient to the north (~ 580m) of the pit. Drainage within the quarry pit was directed to the lowest point in the southwest. Drainage of other areas within the site outside of the existing quarry pit followed the constructed earthen bunds to the south towards the low-lying areas of the remaining Lot 139.

Site topography is depicted on map 1.5, refer to Appendix A.

4.2. Geology

The site geology is extremely complex with various formations mapped overlapping including Merlewood formations, Werrie Basalt, and colluvial and residual deposits. No mapped occurrences of acid sulfate soils (ASS) are within the site and ASS are very unlikely to be present on the site.

Geology mapping is presented in map 1.5, refer to Appendix A.

4.3. Hydrogeology and Groundwater Use

The hydrogeologic unit for the site consisted of Paleozoic and Pre-Cambrian fractured rock aquifers (low permeability). The hydrogeology within the site comprises of fractured or fissured aquifer systems with low to moderate productivity.

A search of the NSW Department of Primary Industries – Office of State Water records identified 5 licensed groundwater bore within 1km of the site. Details for these groundwater bores are presented below in Table 2 and the location of these bores, relative to the site, is presented as map 2.1 Appendix A.

Bore ID	Authorised purpose	Distance (m)	Direction	Drilled Depth (m)	SWL (m bgs)
GW029958	Household	67.9	SW	56.4	-
GW064563	Household	495	N	46.9	8.9
GW023731	Household	543.7	N	17.7	12.2

Table 2: Licensed Groundwater Bores

Bore ID	Authorised purpose	Distance (m)	Direction	Drilled Depth (m)	SWL (m bgs)
GW054789	Unknown	627.3	SW	54.9	-
GW010465	Household	674.7	N	35.1	19.2

Notes: SW - southwest N - north SWL - standing water level m - metres bgs - below ground surface

4.4. Climate and Rainfall

The Bolgers Pit site is located on the northwest tableland's region in the Gunnedah local government area, approximately 400km northwest of Sydney. A review of available Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) data shows that the site location is in temperate zone characterised by warm summers and cool dry winters.

The local daily rainfall data records for the site were based on the nearby (~4km) BoM station at Breeza (Station 055065), with the long-term average rainfall data tabulating shown below in Plot 1. Breeza has an annual average rainfall of ~640mm.





5. Site History

5.1. NSW EPA Notices

A review of the NSW EPA Contaminated Land Record database revealed that no notices had been issued for the site under the *Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act (1985)* or the *Contaminated Land Management Act (1997)* (CLM).

A search of the public register under section 308 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act (1997)* (POEO) found no licences, applications or notices for this area.

A review of the licences, approvals and assessments identified no notices for the site or within the 1km buffer area of the site.

Search records are provided in sections 3.1 and 3.2 of the environ-screen report provided in Appendix A.

5.2. Aerial photography

Selected publicly available historical aerial photography dating back to 1976 was reviewed for this site, see Appendix A. A summary of the aerial photography review is provided in Table 3.

All historical aerial images are presented in Appendix A with the findings of the review summarised in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Summary of available Aerial Photographs

Year of Photo	Site	Surrounding Area
1976	No structures visible within the site. There appears to have been minor quarrying in the central portion of the site, with ground disturbance visible in the photograph. The remaining areas of the site appear to be predominately cleared grazing land with scattered trees most dense in the northeast of the site.	Cleared grazing land surrounds the site, with patches of trees and semi dense bushland to the northeast of the site. There is a residence and associated farm sheds beyond grazing land to the southwest of the site.
1984	No significant changes from the 1976 imagery.	Grazing land to the far south, west and north appears to be rural cropping. No other significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 1976 imagery.
1989	The area of previous minor quarrying in the central portion of the site appears to have ceased. The tree cover along the eastern boundary of the site is denser in cover.	The bushland to the northeast and east bordering the site appears denser in cover. No other significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 1984 imagery.

Year of Photo	Site	Surrounding Area
1998	No significant changes from the 1989 imagery.	The adjoining property to the west appears to have rural cropping in the paddocks. The bushland bordering the site to the northeast, east and southeast is denser in cover. No significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 1989 imagery.
2002	The quarry pit has resumed operations and has extended south and north from the smaller central area visible in the earlier photographs. A battered quarry face is visible in the southeast portion of the pit. Minor clearing of bushland in the south of the site for quarry expansion. There is a defined access track to the quarry pit along the western boundary of the site.	A new access road to the quarry is visible from Oakey Creek Road to the northwest and into the quarry. No other significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 1998 imagery.
2014	The quarry pit has increased significantly in size extending to the east and north from the 2002 aerial imagery. A defined vertical quarry face is visible along the eastern side of the pit. No visible built structures are present within the site.	No significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 2002 imagery.
2022	The quarry pit has increased marginally in size to the north from the 2014 aerial imagery. The pit appears to have increased significantly in depth; through the northern portion of the pit The vertical pit face is well defined along the eastern boundary of the site. There has been grubbing earthworks to the north and east of the pit to construct earthen surface water divergent bunds on both the site boundary and eastern and northern edges of the quarry pit. An additional access track into the quarry has been constructed in the northwest corner of the pit.	No significant changes to surrounding landuse from the 2014 imagery.

5.3. Interviews

During our site visit there were no quarrying operations underway at this site and no long-term or previous employees with knowledge of past operations at Bolgers Pit available for interview.

6. Site Walkover Observations

A site walkover was completed by Andrew Ballard & Joel Parkin, Ballpark Environmental, on the afternoon of Tuesday 29 November 2022, see Table 4 for site walkover photographs.

The site was observed to include the following features:

- No buildings or other structures were present within the site, see photograph 1.
- No quarrying activities were underway at the time of the site walkover and no machinery was present onsite. A stockpile of processed gravel material was present in the southern portion of the pit, see photograph 3.
- An earth bund has been constructed to the east above the pit and directs surface runoff away from the pit to the south, see photograph 4. Drainage within the quarry pit appears to be directed towards the southwest and a small sump, see photograph 5.
- Beyond the quarry pit to the southwest there are several farm buildings and a residence beyond, see photograph 6.
- Vegetation clearing has occurred to the north and northeast of the quarry, see photograph 7.
- Inert waste (lid of plastic drum) was visible on the ground surface near the northwest entry to the quarry, see photograph 8. Inert waste (scrap metal) was observed partially buried in an earthen bund to the south of the quarry pit, see photograph 9. No visible signs or indicators of contamination, such as oil staining, were observed during the walkover.

Table 4: Site Walkover Photographs

Site Photographs

Photograph 1, shows the existing Bolgers Pit and the extraction area in the north of the pit, left side of photograph, and current stockpile of crushed gravel material on southern base of the pit.



Photograph 2, shows the view of the quarry from the entrance gat adjacent to Oakey Creek Road, viewed towards the east.

Photograph 3, shows view inside the quarry pit, viewed towards the north.



Photograph 4, shows the cleared eastern side of the quarry viewed towards the north. An earthern bund wall has been constructed to divert runoff water away from the quarry pit to the south.



Photograph 5, shows small diversion sump which has been excavated in the southwest corner of the quarry, viewed towards the south.



Photograph 6, shows the quarry pit and proximity to the nearest farm sheds and residence in the background that are about 400m to the southwest.



Photograph 7, shows the cleared northern side of the quarry and two earthern bund walls, viewed towards the west.



Photograph 8, shows inert waste (plastic drum top) observed near the northwest entry to the quarry pit.

Photograph 9, shows inert waste (scrap metal) partially buried on earthern bund to south of the quarry.

7. Integrity assessment of site history data

The following sources of data were relied upon for this assessment:

- Public registers maintained by the NSW EPA and NSW Department of Planning & Environment;
- Publicly available aerial photography imagery;
- Groundwater bore information maintained by Water NSW;
- Geological and topographical mappings provided by various government departments; and
- Observations made during site walkover.

The historical data assessed was found to be generally adequate, reliable, and suitable, with regard to the PSI assessment objective.

8. Conceptual Site Model

A conceptual site model (CSM) is a representation of site related information regarding contamination sources, receptors and exposure pathways between those sources and receptors and is based on each of the elements defined in the *National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (Amended April 2013),* ASC NEPM (NEPC 2013).

Based on the findings of the site history review the known or suspected potential sources of soil contamination on this site include:

- Contamination from historical activities associated with the development and operation of the quarry pit, including the servicing and maintenance of machinery and equipment, collection and disposal of waste oils, spills and poor handling of waste products which may contribute to soil contamination.
- Contamination from poor waste disposal practices, including on site disposal of inert waste, i.e., lid of plastic drum and scrap metal.

Each of the above is identified as a potential Areas of Environmental Concern (AEC) and Table 5 discusses the plausible pollutant linkages identified between the AEC and any nearby sensitive receptors.

Table 5: Preliminary Conceptual Site Model

Source	Contaminant of Potential Concern & Known Location	Potential Transport Mechanisms	Exposure Pathway	Receptors
Contamination from previous quarry operations, servicing and maintenance of plant and equipment	Metals, petroleum hydrocarbons (TRH/BTEXN), and PAH. Affected Media – site soils, potentially groundwater (petroleum hydrocarbons)	Disturbance during future excavations and quarry expansion works Dispersion via wind Surface water runoff Leaching to groundwater	Dermal contact with soil Inhalation of dust Ingestion of soils	Primary human receptors of concern are future quarry workers during the expansion and operation of the existing quarry pit. Other human receptors include future contractors and visitors to the site.
Contamination from poor waste disposal practices	Inert waste, including disposal of scrap metal and part of plastic drum. Affected Media – site soils	Disturbance during future excavations and quarry expansion works Surface water runoff Leaching to groundwater	Dermal contact with soil Inhalation of dust Ingestion of soils	Primary human receptors of concern are future quarry workers during the expansion and operation of the existing quarry pit. Other human receptors include future contractors and visitors to the site.

Notes:

CoPC: Contaminants of Potential Concern include metals, including arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, and zinc; and petroleum hydrocarbons (total recoverable hydrocarbons (TRH), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylene, naphthalene (BTEXN) compounds) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH).

9. Site Characterisation

Ballpark Environmental have assumed that the proposed quarry expansion for Bolgers Pit will likely involve bulk earthworks to extend the existing pit in a northerly direction and into the recently cleared areas observed during the site walkover. The quarry plan will likely involve several progressive excavations to create a series of benches and open rock faces of ~10m in height as the quarry operations move progressively to the north and northeast.

Some inert waste materials were observed during the site walkover including scrap metal to the south of the quarry pit and part of a plastic drum near the northwest entry to the quarry. It is recommended that these inert waste materials are collected and removed from this site for recycling (e.g., scrap metal) or to an appropriate NSW EPA licensed waste facility which can accept this waste.

No evidence of buried asbestos containing materials (ACM), or oil staining were observed on this site. Based on the recent development of this quarry operation in the period since circa 2002 and that no buildings or structures have been constructed on this site it is unlikely that ACM are present.

The quarry operation on this site will have low ecological values and most of the proposed northern expansion area has been cleared of vegetation. We have assumed that the quarry will involve construction of extensive hardstand surfaces and roadways suitable for trucks to enter the quarry and then remove excavated materials. Materials excavated and produced from the quarry may also be stored in a series of temporary stockpiles. Based on this assumption ecological values are not considered relevant for this site.

A review of the initial Conceptual Site Model (CSM) prepared for the PSI identified following potential risks.

• AEC 1 – potential for soil and groundwater contamination from historical activities associated with the quarrying operations, including the servicing and maintenance of machinery and equipment, collection and disposal of waste oils, spills and poor handling of waste products which may contribute to soil contamination.

The proposed quarry operations at this site are not a permanent operation with plant and equipment being mobilised to site by Council as needed on a campaign basis. This will also minimise the need for servicing of plant on site due to a lack of suitable workshop facilities. Refuelling of plant and equipment will be undertaken using modern mobile fuel handling equipment. This will avoid the use of metal fuel drums and the requirement to store bulk fuel and oils on this site and minimise potential for spills.

• AEC 2 – Presence of inert waste from historical poor waste disposal practices, including scrap metal observed on the earthen bund to the south of the quarry pit. It is recommended that these inert waste materials are collected and removed from this site for recycling (e.g., scrap metal) or to an appropriate NSW EPA licensed waste facility which can accept this waste.

It is also noted that if the quarrying expansion is approved the environment protection license to be issued for extractive activities will include enforceable conditions prohibiting the disposal of any waste generated by the quarry operations on this site. The initial Conceptual Site Model (CSM) prepared for this PSI identified a potential risk from the presence of inert waste materials on this site. Based on the assessment of risk provided above the CSM has been refined and there is an acceptable level of risk for the use of this site for ongoing quarrying purposes.

10. Conclusions & Recommendations

This PSI was undertaken to provide a preliminary assessment of site contamination, and, if necessary, to provide a basis for a more Detailed Site Investigation (DSI) associated with quarrying operations at Bolgers Pit located on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, the site, see Figure 1.

In summary, the site history investigation and site walkover operations completed for this PSI shows that potential sources of site contamination associated with past use include:

- Site disturbance from current quarry activities is visible in the 2002 aerial photograph. Prior to this date the historical aerial photographs show areas of minor ground disturbance has been present since 1974.
- No buildings or structures were constructed on this site and therefore it is unlikely that waste building materials, including asbestos, are present on this site.
- Observations made during the site walkover found that previous poor waste disposal practices have resulted in the partial burial of inert waste, including scrap metal on the southern margins of the quarry pit.
- A review of the initial Conceptual Site Model (CSM) prepared for this PSI found no areas of environmental concern have been identified on this site.

Therefore, it is recommended:

- 1. **Inert waste** waste materials are collected and removed from this site for recycling (e.g., scrap metal) or to an appropriate NSW EPA licensed waste facility which can accept this waste.
- 2. **Unexpected Finds Protocol** An unexpected fines protocol should be included as part of the quarry Environment Management Plan or as a stand-alone document in the event that potentially contaminated material or buried unexpected finds, are encountered during future quarry expansion earthworks on this site.

In consideration of the results from this PSI we conclude that this site on part of Lot 139 DP751012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway, has an acceptable low level of risk for site contamination and is suitable for its proposed ongoing industrial use as a quarry.

The site is assessed to be suitable for its ongoing industrial use, in accordance with Chapter 4 of the Resilience and Hazards SEPP (2021).

11. References

Australian Standard (2005). *Guide to the Sampling and Investigation of Sites with Potentially Contaminated Soil. Part 1: Non volatile and Semi volatile Compounds.* AS4482.1-2005.

Gunnedah Shire Council (2012). *Gunnedah Local Environmental Plan 2012*. Gunnedah Shire Council, Gunnedah

Geological Survey of NSW (1971). *Tamworth 1:250,000 Geological Series Sheet SH 56–13*. First Edition.

NEPC (2013). National Environmental Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (amended 2013) (ASC NEPM). National Environmental Protection Council, Canberra

NSW EPA (2017). Contaminated Land Management: Guidelines for the NSW Site Auditor Scheme (3rd Edition). Environment Protection Authority NSW, Sydney

NSW EPA. (2015). *Guidelines on the Duty to Report Contamination under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.* Environment Protection Authority NSW, Sydney

NSW EPA (2020). Contaminated Sites: Guidelines for Consultants Reporting on Contaminated Sites. Environmental Protection Authority NSW, Sydney

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

12. Limitations

Preliminary information is not readily available on the early history of the site and therefore, some site activities may not have been identified. We cannot preclude that potentially contaminating activities took place during these periods. Allowances for uncertainties and potential unexpected finds should be made during planning and development phases.

It is the nature of contaminated site investigations that the degree of variability in site conditions cannot be known completely, and no sampling and analysis program can eliminate all uncertainty concerning the condition of the site. Professional judgement must be exercised in the collection and interpretation of the data.

In preparing this report, current guidelines for assessment and management of contaminated land were followed. This work has been conducted in good faith in accordance with Ballpark Environmental understanding of the client's brief and general accepted practice for environmental consulting.

The PSI report was prepared for Gunnedah Shire Council with the objectives to identify past or present potentially contaminating activities performed at this site, provide a preliminary assessment of site contamination and, if required, provide a basis for a more Detailed Site Investigation (DSI). The site for the PSI was part of Lot 139 DP51012, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342, see Figure 1.

No warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the information and professional advice included in this report. Anyone relying on this document with reference to a particular development concept does so at their own risk and should satisfy themselves concerning its applicability and, where necessary, should seek expert advice in relation to the particular situation.

Figure



Client:	Gunnedah Shire Council			Drawn:	JP	
Project:	Preliminary Site Investigation – Bolgers Pit, 809 Oakey Creek Road, Piallaway NSW 2342		Approved:	AB		
			Date:	1 Dec 2022		
Title:	Site Locality Plan			Scale:	NTS	
project no:	BPE22110-R01	Figure no:	Figure 1	Original Size:	A4	





Land Insight

Enviro-Screen Report

809 Oakey Creek Road Piallaway, NSW

25 October 2022

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Report nº: LI-3010 ESR



Understanding your report

Your Report has been produced by Land Insight and Resources (Land Insight).

Your Report is based on information available from public databases and sources at the date of reporting. The information gathered relates to land that is within a 200 to 2000m radius (buffer zone) from the boundaries of the Property. A smaller or larger radius may be applied for certain records (as listed under records and as shown in report maps).

While every effort is made to ensure the details in your Report are correct, Land Insight cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information or data provided.

The report provided by Land Insight includes

data listed on page 4 (table of contents). All sources of data and definitions are provided in the Product Guide (Attached). For a full list of references, metadata, publications or additional information not provided in this report, please contact info@landinsight.co

The report does not include title searches; dangerous good searches or; property certificates (unless requested); or information derived from a physical inspection, such as hazardous building materials, areas of infilling or dumping/spilling of potentially contaminated materials. It is important to note that these documents and an inspection can contain information relevant to contamination that may not be identified by this Report.

Due to the ongoing nature of database development and frequency of updates provided by various state government regulators the data displayed within this report is only current from date of production.

This Report, and your use of it, is regulated by Land Insight's Terms and Conditions (See Land Insight's Product Guide).

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A - Report Maps Attachment B - Historical Imagery Land Insight Product Guide and Terms and Conditions



SUMMARY

Section Section	on 1	PROPERTY SETTING	Identified
Sensitive Receptors			
Planning Control			
Heritage			
Soil and Land Informa	tion		
Geology and Topogra	aphy		

	Section 2	HYDROGEOLOGY	Identified			
Aquifer						
Groundwate	r Bores and Other Borehole invest	igations				
Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE)						
Hydrogeology Units						
Wetlands						

Section 3	ENVIRONMENTAL REGISTERS LICENCES AND INCIDENTS	Identified			
Contaminated Land Public Register					
Sites Regulate by Other Jurisdictional Body (Fc	ormer Gaswork sites / PFAS sites)				
Licensing and Regulated Sites					
National Pollutant Inventory (NPI)					

Section 4	POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED AREAS	Identified			
Former Potentially Contaminated Land					
Current and Historical Potentially Contaminating activities (PCA)					

Section 5	NATURAL HAZARDS	Identified				
Erosion risk						
Bushfire prone land	Bushfire prone land					
Fire history						
Flood hazards						





Section 1 Property Setting



1.1 SENSITIVE RECEPTORS

Map 1.1 (200m Buffer)

Sensitive receptor	Category	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-

1.2 PLANNING CONTROLS

Map 1.2 (onsite)

Zoning

Code	Zoning	Details
RU1	Primary Production	Gunnedah Local Environmental Plan 2012

Environmental Planning Instruments

Туре	Category	Details
Not identified	-	-

Other Planning Information

Туре	Category	Details	
Not identified	-	-	



1.3 HERITAGE

State and Local Heritage

Site ID	Site Name	Туре	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

Australian Heritage Database

Site ID	Site Name	Туре	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

Commonwealth Heritage List, National Heritage List and World Heritage Area.

1.4 SOIL AND LAND USE INFORMATION

Map 1.4a/1.4b (onsite)

Soil Landscape

Soil Landscape	ERmr	Melville	Soil Group	Erosional
Description	Landscape— 14 Ranges. Lo benched to I Special s development some areas of alluvial fans a extremely v sites. Specia Soils— soil va extremely com cannot be pre materials. D information o found within t and B Black Chrome	6.4 km2 undulating to rolling hil complex geology and soils fl ank cal relief 300 m; slopes 3 – 20 %; nummocky waning hillslopes cha ite investigation is necessary if si proposals. Woodland and open- cultivation on lower slopes. Land and drainage plains that drain so variable from site to site, but mo al soil or geotechnical site invest needed for specific deve riation is too great to represent plex geology. Soils are extremely Soil type and positic edicted except on a site-by-site l ue to high diversity and the unpr r distribution information has bee his landscape included Black, Gre lack Dermosols; Red, Brown and psols; and sandy Tenosols, Rudos Limitations— Con complex soils; localised poor	Is and mountair ing the spine of recterised by ra- oil information i woodland, >85 dscape Variant me areas of mr. re reliably homo- igation is neces elopment propo- at this scale of r y diverse and va- on in landscape basis due to the redictability of s- en provided for ey, Red and Bro- Yellow Kurosol sols, Calcarosol psols. Qualities a nplex terrain; or drainage; loc	h sideslopes with extremely f the Melville - 750 m. Predominantly apid changes in geology. is needed for specific % cleared for grazing with mrt— transferral variant of Slopes 2 – 12%. Soils are ogenous with individual sary if soil information is osals. mapping and is related to ariable over tens of metres. thigh variability of parent soil type, no soil material this landscape. Soil types own Vertosols; Red, Brown s; Red, Brown and s, Red Ferrosols and Red, and alised "

Salinity

Salinity Hazard Not identified -

Radon

Radon Level	Bq∕m³	9		

Typical radon levels in Australia are low and the values shown are the average values for each census district. For specific location, factors such as the local geology and house type could lead to different values. (ARPANSA).



Acid Sulfate Soil

ASS Risk Map (Table 1.4.1)	On the Property?	Within Buffer?	
Class	Not identified	Not identified	

National Acid Sulfate Soils Atlas

Atlas of Australian ASS (Table 1.4.2)	Cn(p4)	sulfidic material	Probability of Occurrence	Extremely low probability of occurrence
--	--------	-------------------	------------------------------	---

Table 1.4.1. Classification scheme in the ASS Planning Maps					
Class	of Land as shown on ASS Planning Maps				
1	Any works.				
2a	Works below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered.				
2b	Works other than ploughing below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered.				
3	Works more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface.				
4	Works more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface.				
5	Works within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2a, 2b, 3 or 4 land that is below 5 metres Australian Height Datum and by which the watertable is likely to be lowered below 1 metre Australian Height Datum on adjacent Class 1, 2a, 2b, 3 or 4 land.				

For each class of land, the maps identify the type of works likely to present an environmental risk if undertaken in the particular class of land. If these types of works are proposed, further investigation is required to determine if ASS are actually present and whether they are present in such concentrations as to pose a risk to the environment.

Table 1.4.2. Atl	las of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils1 (ASRIS) (CSIRO/NatCASS)
Probability o	f Occurrence of ASS ¹
A	High Probability of occurrence - (>70% chance of occurrence in mapping unit)
В	Low Probability of occurrence - (6-70% chance of occurrence in mapping unit)
С	Extremely low probability of occurrence - (1-5% chance of occurrence in mapping unit)
D	No probability of occurrence - (<1% chance of occurrence in mapping unit)
x	Disturbed ASS ¹ terrain - (ASS ¹ material present below urban development).
U	Unclassified - (Insufficient information to classify map unit)
Zones	
а	Potential acid sulfate soil material and/or Monosulfidic Black Ooze (MBO).
b, c	Potential acid sulfate soil generally within upper 1 m.
c, d, e	ASS ¹ generally within upper 1 m.
f	ASS ¹ generally below 1 m from the surface
g	ASS ¹ , generally below 3 m from the surface.
h	ASS ¹ generally within 1 m of the surface.
i, j	ASS ¹ generally below 1 m of the surface.
k	ASS ¹ material and/or Monosulfidic Black Ooze (MBO).
l, m, n, o, p, q	ASS ¹ generally within upper 1 m in wet / riparian areas.
Subscripts to co	des
(a)	Actual acid sulfate soil (AASS) = sulfuric material.
(p)	Potential acid sulfate soil (PASS) = sulfidic material.
(q)	Monosulfidic Black Ooze (MBO) is organic ooze enriched by iron monosulfides.



Table 1.4.2. Atlas of Australian Acid Sulfate Soils1 (ASRIS) (CSIRO/NatCASS)

Confidence levels					
(1)	All necessary analytical and morphological data are available				
(2)	Analytical data are incomplete but are sufficient to classify the soil with a reasonable degree of confidence				
(3)	No necessary analytical data are available, but confidence is fair, based on a knowledge of similar soils in similar environments				
(4)	No necessary analytical data are available, and classifier has little knowledge or experience with ASS, hence classification is provisional				

¹Acid Sulfate Soils (ASS) are all those soils in which sulfuric acid may be produced, is being produced, or has been produced in amounts that have a lasting effect on main soil characteristics (Pons 1973). Acid sulfate soil (ASS) may include PASS or AASS + PASS. Potential acid sulfate soil (PASS) = sulfidic material. Actual acid sulfate soil (AASS) = sulfuric material.



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1.5 GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY

Geology

Map Sheet	Code	Formation	Age	Group	Dominant Lithology	Description
Tamworth 1:250.000	Cutmp	Merlewood Formation	Middle Mississippian	Ungrouped Tamworth Belt units	Andesite	Pyroxene andesite.
	Cutm	Merlewood Formation	Middle Mississippian	Ungrouped Tamworth Belt units	Sandstone	Coarse cross-bedded feldspathic and lithic sandstone, minor conglomerate, mudstone and limestone.
Geological Map	Map Pute Werrie Basalt Cisuralian	Ungrouped Permian units	Basalt	Basalt, some alkaline (emplaced as a lava), tuffs, autochthonous and cataclastic sedimentary rocks, and local thin coals.		
	Q_cr	Colluvial and residual deposits	Quaternary	Colluvium	Clastic sediment	Undifferentiated colluvial and residual deposits.

Naturally Occurring Asbestos Potential (NOA)

Category	On the Property?	Within Buffer?
Not identified	-	-

Topography

Topography	330 - 350 mAHD
repegraphy	




Section 2 Hydrogeology



2.1 HYDROGEOLOGY AND GROUNDWATER BORES

Map 2.1 (2000m Buffer)

	On the Property?	Within Buffer?
Aquifer Type	Fractured or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity	Fractured or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity
Drinking Water Catchments	Not identified	Not identified
Protected Riparian Corridor	Not identified	Not identified
UPSS Environmentally Sensitive Zone	Namoi River	Namoi River
Wetlands	Not identified	Not identified

Groundwater Bores

Map ID	Groundwater Bore ID	Authorised Purpose	Completion Date	Drilled Depth (m)	Final Depth (m)	SWL (m)	Salinity (mg/l)	Yield (L/s)	Distance (m)	Direction
5	GW029958	Irrigated agriculture	1/06/1966	56.4	56.4	<null></null>	Good	1.895	67.9	South- west
6	GW064563	Household	1/02/1988	46.9	46.9	8.9	<null></null>	0.2	495.0	North
4	GW023731	Household	1/03/1966	17.7	17.7	12.2	Good	0.758	543.7	North
12	GW054789	Unknown	<null></null>	<null></null>	54.9	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	627.3	South- west
2	GW010465	Household	1/09/1952	35.1	35.1	19.2	501- 1000 ppm	0.758	674.7	North
8	GW054788	Unknown	<null></null>	<null></null>	54.9	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1165.0	West
7	GW967973	Household	8/01/2007	61.0	61.0	26.2	<null></null>	1.26	1178.4	North



Map ID	Groundwater Bore ID	Authorised Purpose	Completion Date	Drilled Depth (m)	Final Depth (m)	SWL (m)	Salinity (mg/l)	Yield (L/s)	Distance (m)	Direction
13	GW902103	Household	13/04/1991	<null></null>	66.0	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1179.1	South- west
3	GW005245	Unknown	1/10/2014	38.1	38.1	19.5	Good	0.505	1462.2	East
1	GW015251	Irrigated agriculture	1/10/1958	40.8	33.4	21.3	<null></null>	2.526	1623.2	North- west
9	GW052595	Unknown	<null></null>	<null></null>	61.0	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1733.2	North
11	GW048808	Water supply for livestock	<null></null>	<null></null>	36.6	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1765.5	South
10	GW901106	Household	<null></null>	<null></null>	37.0	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1948.6	South- east

Groundwater Bores Driller Lithology Details

Groundwater Bore ID	From Depth – To Depth (m) Lithology	Distance (m)	Direction
GW029958	0m-9.75m Soil clay 9.75m-29.26m Clay 29.26m-29.87m Basalt seam 29.87m-40.23m Clay gravel 40.23m-51.82m Conglomerate gravel 40.23m-51.82m Some clay 51.82m-56.39m Sandstone clay bands water supply	67.9	South-west
GW064563	Om-3.7m Earth red boulder 3.7m-12.8m Conglomerate water supply 12.8m-13.3m Quartzite bands water supply 13.3m-46.9m Conglomerate water supply	495.0	North
GW023731	0m-0.3m Loam 0.3m-4.57m Boulders 4.57m-17.68m Ironstone	543.7	North
GW054789	#N/A	627.3	South-west
GW010465	0m-1.22m Clay 1.22m-35.05m Rock water supply	674.7	North
GW054788	#N/A	1165.0	West
GW967973	0m-0.6m Topsoil 0.6m-51.8m Shale, brown 51.8m-52.4m Shale, water bearing 52.4m-53.9m Shale, brown 53.9m-54.9m Shale, water bearing 54.9m-57m Shale, brown 57m-57.6m Shale, water bearing 57.6m-61m Shale, brown	1178.4	North
GW902103	#N/A	1179.1	South-west
GW005245	0m-3.05m Driller 3.05m-3.06m Rock soft 3.06m-38.1m Rock multicoloured some very hard water supply	1462.2	East
GW015251	0m-0.91m Topsoil 0.91m-1.83m Clay sandy 1.83m-7.62m Clay 7.62m-10.67m Conglomerate 10.67m-16.76m Clay 16.76m-19.51m Gravel clay 19.51m-21.95m Conglomerate 21.95m-24.69m Clay fine gravel 24.69m-26.82m Clay 26.82m-29.57m Clay clay 29.57m-32.31m Clay sandy water supply 32.31m-32.92m Clay fine gravel	1623.2	North-west
GW052595	#N/A	1733.2	North



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Groundwater Bore ID	From Depth – To Depth (m) Lithology	Distance (m)	Direction
GW048808	#N/A	1765.5	South
GW901106	#N/A	1948.6	South-east

2.2 HYDROGEOLOGY AND OTHER BOREHOLES

Map 2.2 (500m Buffer)

	On the Property?	Within Buffer?
Groundwater Vulnerability	Not identified	Not identified
Groundwater Exclusion Zones ^{1,2}	Not identified	Not identified
Hydrogeologic Unit	Palaeozoic and Pre-Cambrian Fractured Rock Aquifers (low permeability)	Palaeozoic and Pre-Cambrian Fractured Rock Aquifers (low permeability)

¹ - Botany Groundwater Management Zones (BGMZ): Zone 1 - the use of groundwater remains banned; Zones 2 to 4 - domestic groundwater use is banned, especially for drinking water, watering gardens, washing windows and cars, bathing, or to fill swimming pools.

² - Williamtown Groundwater Management Zones (WGMZ): Primary Management Zone – this area has significantly higher levels of PFAS detected and therefore, the strongest advice applies. Secondary Management Zone – this area has some detected levels of PFAS; Broader Management Zone – the topography and hydrology of the area means PFAS detections could occur now and into the future.

Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE)

	On the Property?	Within Buffer?
Aquatic	Not identified	Not identified
Terrestrial	Moderate potential GDE - from regional studies	Moderate potential GDE - from regional studies Low potential GDE - from regional studies

Aquatic - Ecosystems that rely on the Surface expression of groundwater.

 $\label{eq:constraint} \textit{Terrestrial} \ \textit{-} \ \textit{Ecosystems} \ \textit{that} \ \textit{rely} \ \textit{on} \ \textit{the} \ \textit{Subsurface} \ \textit{expression} \ \textit{of} \ \textit{groundwater}.$

Other Known Borehole Investigations (Coal Seam Gas (CSG), Petroleum Wells and Other Boreholes)

Borehole ID	Purpose	Project	Client/ Licence	Date Drilled	Depth (m)	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





Section 3 Environmental Registers, Licences and Incidents



3.1 CONTAMINATED LAND PUBLIC REGISTER

Map 3.1 (1000m Buffer)

Sites Notified as Contaminated to the EPA

Site Name	Address	Activity that caused Contamination	EPA Site Management Class (Table 3.1.1)	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

If the record does not contain a complete street address and/or cannot be located, the records' geographic location will be approximated and reported as being within the surrounding area.

Contaminated Land Record of Notices

Site Name	Area nº	Address	Notices	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	_	-	-

If the record does not contain a complete street address and/or cannot be located, the records' geographic location will be approximated and reported as being within the surrounding area.

Table 3.1.1 EPA Site Management Class Explanation			
EPA Site Management Class			
Under Assessment	The contamination is being assessed by the EPA to determine whether regulation is required. The EPA may require further information to complete the assessment. For example, the completion of management actions regulated under the planning process or Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. Alternatively, the EPA may require information via a notice issued under s77 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 or issue a Preliminary Investigation Order.		
Regulation under the CLM Act not required	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 is not required.		
Regulation being finalised	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. A regulatory approach is being finalised.		



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Table 3.1.1 EPA Site Management Class Explanation

Contamination currently regulated under the CLM Act	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act). Management of the contamination is regulated by the EPA under the CLM Act. Regulatory notices are available on the EPA's Contaminated Land Public Record.
Contamination currently regulated under the POEO Act	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation. Management of the contamination is regulated under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 (POEO Act). The EPA's regulatory actions under the POEO Act are available on the POEO public register.
Contamination being managed via the planning process (EP&A Act)	The EPA has completed an assessment of the contamination and decided that the contamination is significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination of this site is managed by the consent authority under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act) planning approval process, with EPA involvement as necessary to ensure significant contamination is adequately addressed. The consent authority is typically a local council or the Department of Planning and Environment.
Contamination formerly regulated under the CLM Act	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act). The contamination was addressed under the CLM Act.
Contamination formerly regulated under the POEO Act	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination was addressed by the appropriate consent authority via the planning process under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).
Contamination was addressed via the planning process (EP&A Act)	The EPA has determined that the contamination is no longer significant enough to warrant regulation. The contamination was addressed by the appropriate consent authority via the planning process under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).
Ongoing maintenance required to manage residual contamination (CLM Act)	The EPA has determined that ongoing maintenance, under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (CLM Act), is required to manage the residual contamination. Regulatory notices under the CLM Act are available on the EPA's Contaminated Land Public Record.

The EPA maintains a record of sites that have been notified to the EPA by owners or occupiers as contaminated land. The sites notified to the EPA are recorded on the register at various stages of the assessment and/or remediation process.

3.2 LICENCES, APPROVALS & ASSESSMENTS

Map 3.2 (1000m Buffer)

Licences

Licence N°	Licence holder	Location Name	Premise Address	Fee Based Activity	Distance (m)*	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-	-

If the record does not contain a complete street address and/or cannot be located, the records' geographic location will be approximated and reported as being within the surrounding area.

Other Licences still Regulated by EPA

Licence N°	Licence holder	Location Name	Premise Address	Fee Based Activity	Status	Distance (m)*	Direction
12981	Forestry Corporation Of New South Wales	IFOA Area "the Brigalow- Nandewar Region"	Brigalow and Nandewar Community Conservation Area, Dubbo, NSW 2830	Logging operations	No longer in force	Not mapped	Not mapped
3957	Forestry Corporation Of New South Wales	Lower North East Region (L.N.E.R) Means State Forests And Crown - Timber Lands (ex. Plantations)	Within The L.N.E.R. Shown On Map 1 To The Nsw L.N.E.R. Forest Agreement Granted On The 5 March 1999, Kempsey, NSW 2440	Logging operations	No longer in force	Not mapped	Not mapped



Licence N°	Licence holder	Location Name	Premise Address	Fee Based Activity	Status	Distance (m)*	Direction
4017	Forestry Corporation Of New South Wales	Upper North East Region (L.N.E.R) Means State Forests And Crown - Timber Lands (ex. Plantations)	Ithin The U.N.E.R. Shown On Map 1 To The Nsw U.N.E.R. Forest Agreement Granted On The 5 March 1999., Coffs Harbour, NSW 2450	Logging operations	No longer in force	Not mapped	Not mapped

If the record does not contain a complete street address and/or cannot be located, the records' geographic location will be approximated and reported as being within the surrounding area.

Clean Up and Penalty Notices

Location ID	Notice Type	Notice Nº	Licence holder	Location Name	Premise Address	Distance (m)*	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

If the record does not contain a complete street address and/or cannot be located, the records' geographic location will be approximated and reported as being within the surrounding area.

3.3 SITES REGULATED BY OTHER JURISDICTIONAL BODY

Map 3.3 (2000m Buffer)

Defence, Military Sites and UXO Areas

Site name	Type*	Description	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-

*RCIP (Regional Contamination Investigation Program). UXO (Unexploded Ordnance Areas)

Former Gasworks Sites

Site name	Description	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-

PFAS Sites

Site name	Description	Source	Distance (m) *	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI)

Facility name	Address	Primary ANZSIC Class	Latest report	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-





Section 4 Potentially Contaminated Areas



4.1 POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATING ACTIVITIES

Map 4.1 (200m Buffer)

Liquid Fuel Facilities

Site name	Category	Location	Status*	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

Waste Management Facilities & Recycling Centres

Not identified	Site name	Category	Location	Status*	Distance (m)	Direction
	Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

*Status: Data is current as when this report was created.

The operational status of the business is determined using the available data sources and does not indicate real-time conditions at the site.

Former: business that have been closed or discontinued within 2 years from the date of this report.

Liquid Fuel Facilities Datasets, representing the spatial locations of liquid fuel depots, refineries, terminals and petrol stations present in the Australian Government National Liquid Fuel Facilities Dataset and Petrol stations identified by Land Insights. Waste Management Facilities, representing the spatial locations of reprocessing facilities, transfer stations and landfills present in the Australian Government National Waste Management Facilities Dataset and Waste/Recycling facilities identified by Land Insights.

A more comprehensive list of all Potentially Contaminating Activities is available in the Due Diligence Insight report.



Current: business is operating on the day this report was issued.

4.2 HISTORICAL BUSINESS DIRECTORIES

1930 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

1940 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

1950 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	I

1965 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

1970 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

1980 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

1990 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

2005 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

2010 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-



2015 Historical Business Data

Activity	Name	Address	Positional accuracy ¹	Distance (m)	Direction
Not identified	-	-	-	-	-

Land Insight uses a number of address geocoding techniques and has characterised them based on completeness (match rates) and positional accuracy. When a historical street address is incomplete or a match is not found, a record identified as being in the surrounding area will be included for reference and the accuracy of the data is approximate only. An explanation of the positional accuracy records is defined in the table below.

Historical data positional accuracy and georeferencing results explanation					
Positional accuracy	Georeferenced	Description			
Address	Located to the address level	When street address and names fully match.			
Street	Located to the street centroid	When street names match but no exact address was found. Location is approximate.			
Place	Located to the structure, building or complex	When building, residential complex or structure name match but no exact address was found. Location is approximate.			
Suburb	Located to the suburb area	When suburb name match but no exact address was found. Location is approximate.			

The data used in this section was extracted from range of historical commercial trade directories and business listings. The business addresses were geocoded using historical information and the accuracy of the data may vary due to changes to the physical address at a given locality over time or the quality of the original records. From 2005, the historical business records in this section are considered more accurate as information was extracted from digital directories with geographic coordinate location information available. On this basis, reliance on the historic listing data should be considered when assessing the risk of contamination from an activity at the site. The presence of a business listing does not definitively confirm the actual activity that has occurred at the site. For more information on how these records were geocoded and the methodology used by Land Insight, contact us at info@landinsight.co.

Historical business directory listings have been filtered to match activities and industries considered to have a likelihood of causing contamination. These activities have been identified through published state and national guidelines and regulations. Please note that any record not identified within this section (due to error or unforeseen omission) does not necessarily mean that the screened area is not potentially contaminated or free of any risks.





Section 5 Natural Hazards



5.1 Natural Hazards

Map 5.1 (500m Buffer)

Fire Hazard

Category	Туре	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
	Vegetation Buffer	Potential Impact Area	0.0	Onsite
	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	57.6	East
	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	101.8	East
Bush Fire Prone Area	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	204.2	South- east
	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	226.8	North- east
	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	443.9	East
	Vegetation Category 1	High Risk Area	472.2	East

Fire History

Туре	Season	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
-	-	-	-	-



Flood and Erosion Hazards

Erosion Hazard

Category	Туре	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
Landslip Erosion Risk	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	0.0	Onsite
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	0.0	Onsite
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west
	Moderate	Moderate limitations	0.0	Onsite
	Moderate	Moderate limitations	0.0	Onsite
Water Erosion Risk	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	0.0	Onsite
Wind Erosion Risk	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	0.0	Onsite
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west
	Very Low	Very slight to negligible limitations	148.0	South- west

Flood Hazard

Category	Туре	Details	Distance (m)	Direction
-	-	-	-	-





The Commons 388 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia info@landinsight.co www.landinsight.co

Appendix A

Belle

REPORT MAPS

809 Oakey Creek Road Piallaway, NSW





Subject area







Planning Controls















Soil Landscape and Salinity



5-19

Soil Landscape ALdh,Alluvial ERmr,Erosional











Subject area

C

ASRIS Atlas of Australian Sulfate Soils Cn(p4) | ASS in inland lakes, waterways, wetlands and riparian zones





Geology and Topography



Land Insight



HYDROGEOLOGY





Subject area

-�-Groundwater bores UPSS Environmentally Sensitive Zone Fractured or fissured, extensive aquifers of low to moderate productivity





HYDROGEOLOGY

Hydrogeology and Other Boreholes



Subject area

Low potential GDE – from regional studies

• Other borehole/monitoring well location Ecosystems that rely on Subsurface presence of Groundwater Hydrogeologic Unit Palaeozoic and Pre-Cambrian Fractured Rock Aquifers (low permeability)





Contaminated Land Public Register



Contaminated Land Public Register (EPA) EPA Notified Contaminated Sites EPA Record of Notices

0 100 200 300 400 500

















Potentially Contaminating Activities (PCAs)



Data is current as when this report was created. However due to the turnover of business locations, some addresses may be former









Vegetation Category 1







Flood and Erosion Hazards









Appendix B

HISTORIC IMAGERY

809 Oakey Creek Road Piallaway, NSW



Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m





Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m


Historic Aerial Photograph – 2022



Subject area

0 50 100 150 200 250m



Land Insight do no warrant the accuracy or completeness of information in this publication and any person using or relying upon such information does so on the basis that this company shall bear no responsibility or liability whatsoever for any errors, faults, defects or omissions in the information.





Product Guide

NEW SOUTH WALES

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Sydney

1932-1933 John Sands Sydney Trades Directory – Copyright Expired

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2005 - 2015 Datajet.com.au - Permission for Use, 2022.

Regional NSW

1971, 1981 & 1991 Telecom Australia Yellow Pages Country NSW Directories – Permission for use Sensis, 2017.

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For more detailed information regarding data source and update frequency, please contact LI Resources at info@landinsight.co



Glossary

AVIATION RESCUE FIRE FIGHTING FACILITIES (ARFF); LIQUID FUEL & AVIATION FUEL DEPOTS/TERMINALS; POWER STATIONS; TELEPHONE EXCHANGES & WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

These facilities may be associated with the use, storage, treatment and disposal of a range of chemicals and products such as PFAS (Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances), solvents, petroleum products, asbestos, PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls) and others.

BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND

This data may assist environmental consultants, developers and others understand whether any bushfire risk is present in the area that may require specific management and/or restrict site investigations and development works.

COAL SEAM GAS, PETROLEUM WELLS AND BOREHOLES

This data may assist environmental consultants during investigations as to previous resource exploration with an area, resources present (i.e. coal, gas and petroleum), lithological data and potential for environmental contamination.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE UNEXPLODED ORDNANCE (UXO) SITES

UXO is any sort of military ammunition or explosive ordnance which has failed to function as intended. It includes a range of ammunition used by the Navy, Army and Air Force; and many other types of ammunition and explosives including training munitions. UXO contamination has arisen mainly as a result of military training activities, since European settlement. In the past large numbers of ranges and training areas were approved for use in many areas of Australia. As a result, there are now a number of sites around Australia which are affected by UXO. For more information see www.defence.gov.au/UXO

DERELICT MINES AND QUARRIES

Outstanding legacy issues surrounding derelict mines and quarries have the potential to cause safety and environmental impacts and may also be an indicator of the presence of unregulated landfill.

DRY CLEANERS (CURRENT)

Dry cleaners often use or have used hazardous and flammable chemicals in their operations. Incorrect storage and disposal of these chemicals may result in fire/explosion risks or contamination of soil and groundwater or result in human health risks.

GROUNDWATER EXCLUSION ZONES

Groundwater exclusion zones are present in certain areas where aquifers are known to be contaminated or where past activities may have affected groundwater quality. Restrictions on the use of groundwater in those areas are in place and differ between the various management/exclusion zones.

HERITAGE - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL

This data may assist environmental consultants, developers and others understand whether any heritage items are present on the site that may require specific management and/or restrict site investigations and development works.

HISTORICAL COMMERCIAL & TRADE DIRECTORY DATABASE (1932, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970; 1974, 1980 and 1990)

An LI Resources proprietary database of historical potentially contaminating activities previously listed as having been undertaken on the property or surrounding area. Activities have been catalogued based on 'low to high risk activities' either known to cause potential contamination risk (based on Managing Land Contamination Planning Guidelines, SEPP 55 remediation of land, 1998) or to assist in guidance for sampling and remediation programs by environmental consultants.



HISTORICAL (LEGACY) LANDFILLS

An LI Resources proprietary dataset containing the location of former legacy landfills. Legacy landfills are widely present across the country, with many locations unknown. Most of these landfills were created prior to current environmental guidelines (i.e. remain unlined and uncapped) resulting in the potential for leaching of hazardous substances into waterways, production of odours, migration of landfill gas and stability issues.

HYDROGEOLOGY

This data includes information for environmental consultants on aquifer properties, the presence of wetlands and groundwater monitoring bores. This information can assist in the understanding of contaminant pathways and receptors.

Groundwater monitoring bores are primarily needed to assess changes to water table levels, groundwater quality and to assess groundwater flow direction. Impacts on groundwater result from contaminated water movement, leaching of surface pollutants caused by rainfall or irrigation water percolation, leakage of stored matter or the disposal of wastes. The presence of a monitoring bore may indicate that a site has been or is being investigated.

LICENSING UNDER THE POEO ACT 1997

The POEO public register includes a range of specified information on environment protection licences issued under the POEO Act to regulate air, noise, water and waste pollution and impacts. The licences and notices provide information on the type of industrial activities undertaken in an area and if any clean-up and preventative action notices have been issued under that licence.

MILITARY FACILITIES

Military practices at certain facilities may cause potential contamination through the use of chemicals ranging from cleaning solvents and paints to ammunition, explosives and firefighting foam. These chemicals can cause human and ecological health risks.

NATURALLY OCCURRING ASBESTOS

Asbestos is found as a naturally occurring mineral in many areas of regional NSW and may occur in veins within rock formations. Naturally occurring asbestos is generally found when building roads, working on construction sites and undertaking excavation activities. This data provides information on the areas identified with a low to high probability of naturally occurring.

NPI INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES

Industrial facilities that trigger a defined threshold(s) for the emission of pollutants identified in the National Pollution Inventory (NPI), must estimate and report their emissions. The pollutants identified under the NPI are those that are known to have possible effects on human health and the environment.

NSW EPA CONTAMINATED LAND RECORD OF NOTICES ISSUED UNDER THE CLM Act 1997

The EPA is required by law to maintain a record of notices relating to contaminated land, including notices declaring land to be 'Significantly Contaminated Land' under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. The EPA record of notices provides information on all sites that have been declared significantly contaminated.

NSW EPA FORMER GASWORKS SITES

Former gasworks often leave a legacy of soil and groundwater contamination. The major contaminants in these instances include tars, oils, hydrocarbon sludges, spent oxide wastes, ash and ammoniacal recovery wastes. Some of these contaminants are carcinogenic to humans and toxic to aquatic ecosystems and therefore may pose a risk to human health and the environment.



NSW EPA FORMER URANIUM PROCESSING SITE AT HUNTERS HILL

In 2008 a Parliamentary Inquiry held into the former uranium processing site at Hunters Hill, Sydney, found radiation levels were too low to require site remediation. During the investigation it became evident that there were two separate causes of gamma radiation in the vicinity of Nelson Parade (7-9 Nelson Parade – former uranium processing plant and Kelly's Bush – former tin smelter). The investigations found that levels of radiation on properties surrounding 7-9 Nelson Parade, at Kelly's Bush and in nearby areas of Hunters Hill were below relevant national and international guidelines for the protection of health and therefore remediation was not warranted. Further information can be found at www.epa.nsw.gov.au

NSW EPA JAMES HARDIE ASBESTOS WASTE CONTAMINATION LEGACY

During the 1960s and 70s, bulk asbestos waste associated with manufacturing and waste disposal by the former James Hardie Industries was delivered as fill to areas targeted because of their low-lying geography. Between December 2007 and February 2008, the Department of Environment Climate Change and Water conducted site inspections of those disposal sites. None of the inspected sites were found to be a significant risk to human health or the environment, provided the sites remained sealed or undisturbed. Further information can be found at www.epa.nsw.gov.au

NSW EPA SITES NOTIFIED AS CONTAMINATED TO THE NSW EPA

The EPA maintains a record of all sites notified to it by owners or occupiers of sites believed to be significantly contaminated.

NSW EPA PFAS INVESTIGATION PROGRAM

The NSW EPA is investigating particular sites to better understand the extent of PFAS use and contamination in NSW. PFAS are a group of chemicals that include perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).

They have many specialty applications and are widely used in a range of products in Australia and internationally. PFAS are an emerging contaminant, which means that their ecological and/or human health effects are unclear. Further information can be found at www.epa.nsw.gov.au

OTHER POTENTIALLY CONTAMINATED SITES

An LI Resources proprietary database of recent potentially contaminating activities previously listed as having been undertaken on the property or surrounding area. Activities have been catalogued based on 'moderate to high risk activities' either known to cause potential contamination risk or to assist in guidance for sampling and remediation programs by environmental consultants. Please note this database is not exhaustive and may not list all activities in the area.

PARRAMATTA RIVER CATCHMENT LAND USE AREAS

An LI Resources proprietary dataset containing land use changes around the Parramatta River catchment area. Details include land reclamation areas, loss of foreshore and major land use changes (i.e. industrial to residential land). These changes may indicate presence of unregulated landfill and potential contamination associated with former industrial land use.

PUBLIC REGISTER OF PROPERTIES AFFECTED BY LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

The NSW Government is required to maintain a register of residential properties that contain loose-fill asbestos insulation. This assists members of the wider community to be informed about any risks associated with a specific property and to take any appropriate safety measures. For more information see www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au

SENSITIVE RECEPTORS

This data may assist environmental consultants during investigations as to the location and proximity of any sensitive receptors in the area, such as aged care, child care, community and religious facilities; sports grounds; national and state parks etc.



COASTAL MANAGEMENT (STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY)

The aim of this Policy is to promote an integrated and co-ordinated approach to land use planning in the coastal zone in a manner consistent with the objects of the Coastal Management Act 2016, including the management objectives for each coastal management area, by

(a) managing development in the coastal zone and protecting the environmental assets of the coast, and

(b) establishing a framework for land use planning to guide decision-making in the coastal zone, and

(c) mapping the 4 coastal management areas that comprise the NSW coastal zone for the purpose of the definitions in the Coastal Management Act 2016.

SOIL LANDSCAPE AND GEOLOGY

This data may assist environmental consultants during investigations as to the physical site properties that could govern potential contaminant retention or migration.

SERVICE STATIONS (CURRENT)

Service stations may contain leaking tanks which can result in petroleum products migrating into, and contaminating, the soil or groundwater or other pathways to human and biological contact.

UNDERGROUND PETROLEUM STORAGE SYSTEMS (UPSS) ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE ZONES

UPSS environmentally sensitive zones represent a conservative assessment of areas likely to be vulnerable to contamination from leaking UPSS. This information can assist environmental consultants on the risk a UPSS site poses to a recognised environmentally sensitive receptor.

WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

A waste facility is a premises used for the storage, treatment, processing, sorting or disposal of waste. These include landfills, waste transfer stations and waste reprocessing facilities. Waste facilities emit regulated substances to air and water, such as methane gas, and can produce odours, dust and noise.



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Terms and Conditions

- 1. Land Insight and Resources (LI Resources) will perform the Services in accordance with these terms and conditions
- 2. By submitting the Application Form, the User acknowledges that it has read and understood these terms and conditions and agrees to be bound by them.
- 3. LI Resources reserves the right to change these terms and conditions. Any change shall be effective upon notice, which may be given by LI Resources posting such change on the Website, or by direct communication with the User.

Services

- 4. LI Resources agrees to undertake the Services using due skill, care and diligence.
- 5. The User assumes the sole risk of making use of, and/or relying on, the Report and the Services. LI Resources makes no representations about the suitability, completeness, timeliness, reliability, legality, or accuracy of the Services.
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- 13. GST at the prevailing rate is payable in addition to the Fee. The User agrees to pay any other applicable taxes, duties or government imposed fees related to the User's use of the Services.



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Property Verification

- 26. The User accepts that the Services provided do not take into account any information relating to the actual state or condition of the Property.
- 27. The User acknowledges that the Services are not to be interpreted as commenting on the physical characteristics or condition of the Property, any particular purpose or use of that Property or the saleability or value of the Property.

Termination and Modification

28. LI Resources reserves the right in its sole discretion to terminate, block or restrict the User's use of the Services or any portion thereof, for any reason, and without notice. In addition, LI Resources reserves the right in its sole discretion to terminate or modify any part of the Website without notice, for any reason.

Anti-Hacking

- 29. The User agrees not to directly or indirectly, attempt to or disrupt, impair, interfere with, alter or modify the Website or any of its content.
- 30. The User agrees not to allow, aid or abet third parties to directly or indirectly, attempt to or disrupt, impair, interfere with, alter or modify the Website or any of its content, or obtain access to any information regarding any User or any other Report issued to a User.

Complaints

31. Any complaints in relation to the Services should, in the first instance, be in writing and addressed to LI Resources Customer Service at: info@liresources.com.au. LI Resources will respond to any such complaints in writing as soon as practicably possible.

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- 32. These terms and conditions are governed by and will be construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New South Wales, Australia. If any dispute, controversy or claim arises out of or relating to these terms and conditions, whether sounding in contract, tort or otherwise, it shall be resolved by use of an alternative dispute resolution procedure acceptable to both parties with the assistance of a mediator. If the dispute has not been resolved to the satisfaction of either party within 60 days of initiation of the procedure or if either party fails or refuses to participate in or withdraws from participating in the procedure, then either party may refer the dispute to the court.
- 33. These terms and conditions apply to all Services provided by LI Resources.
- 34. If there is any inconsistency between these terms and conditions and any other document or agreement between the parties, these terms and conditions will prevail.
- 35. These terms and conditions represent the entire agreement between the parties.
- 36. The User authorises LI Resources to destroy Documents which LI Resources has prepared or holds in connection with the Services 7 years after the last date on which the Services were provided.
- 37. If any of the terms of the Application Form or the terms and conditions are invalid, unenforceable or void, the relevant term must be read down to the maximum extent possible or severed from the rest of the Application Form or these terms and conditions.



- 38. These terms and conditions can only be amended or varied by a written document signed by both parties.
- 39. Neither party may assign or transfer any rights or obligations arising in the provision of the Services or these terms and conditions without the other party's written consent.

Defined Terms

Application Form	Means the form and accompanying information provided on the Website, completed and submitted by the User to request the Services.
Document	Includes a report, and any other written or electronic document.
Fee	Means the amount set out in the Application Form or confirmed via an invoice.
Property	Means the property to which the Services and the Report relate.
Report	Means the Document prepared by LI Resources and provided to the User which contains the environmental and development data which is relevant to the Property.
Services	Means the review of data and information on which the Report is based, and the preparation and provision to the User of the Report.
Website	Means LI Resources's online site, that is: www.liresources.com.au
User	Means the person(s) set out in the Application Form including that person's permitted successors.





Tower Three, Level 24 300 Barangaroo Avenue Sydney NSW 2000 Australia 02 8067 8870 info@liresources.com.au www.liresrouces.com.au